

Cell Structures

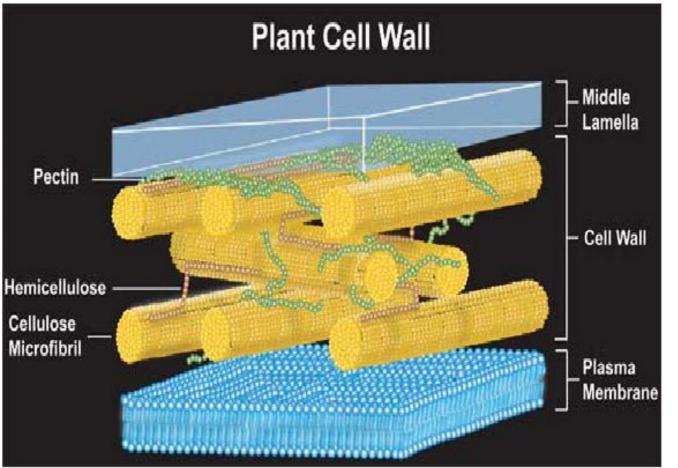
Cell Extracellular fluid Nucleus Cytoplasm Cell membrane Carbohydrate Glycoprotein Globular protein Protein Channel (Transport protein) Cholesterol Glycolipid Surface protein Alpha-helix protein (Integral protein) Globular protein Filaments of Peripheral protein (Integral) cytoskeleton Phospholipid (Phosphatidylcholine) Phospholipid bilayer Hydrophilic head Hydrophobic tail

Cell Membrane = lipid bilayer

Hydrophilic = water loving Hydrophobic = water fearing

Job: controls what moves into and out of the cell.

Cell Wall = structure and support

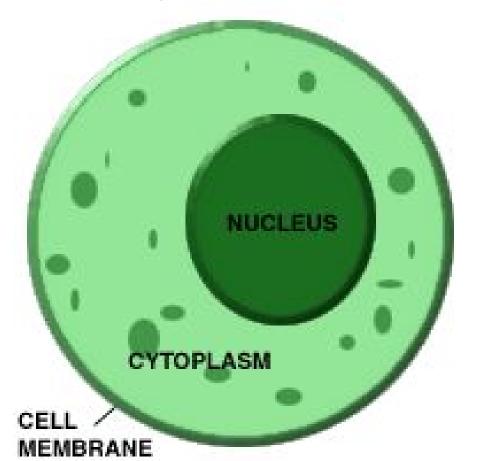


*found in:

- -prokaryotes
- -plants
- -algae
- -fungi

*made of tough polysaccharides (carbohydrates) like **cellulose** or **chitin**

Cytoplasm = Cell Goo (80% water)

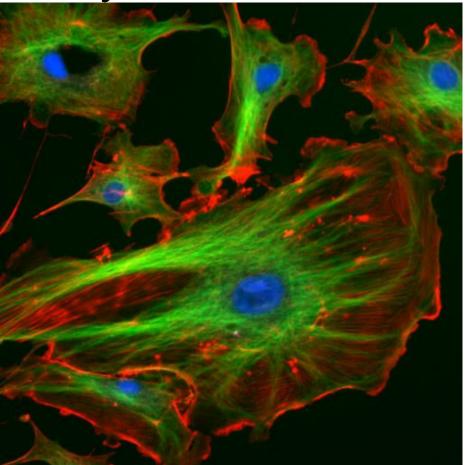


*material that holds all the stuff in all cells

*cushions the organelles

*has lots of dissolved carbohydrates and proteins that move around in it

Cytoskeleton = shape and organization

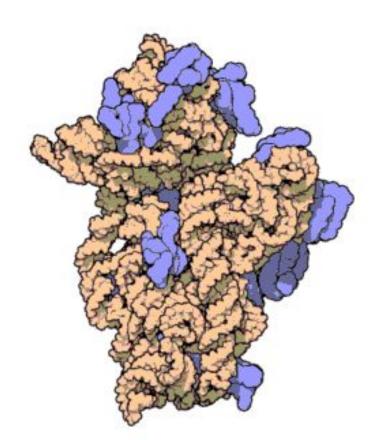


*Networks of protein filaments in all cells

*give shape and support to the cell

*act like highways for transporting materials around the cell

Ribosomes = protein factories



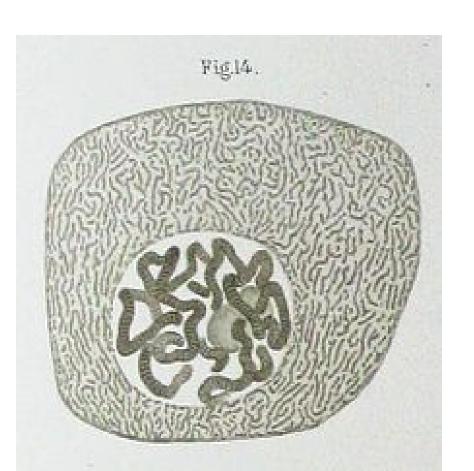
*protein+RNA machines that assembles new proteins (using instructions from the nucleus)

*can be found floating in cytoplasm in all cells, or as part of the Endoplasmic Reticulum in Eukaryotes.

Organelles

Structures that form specific functions in a cell.

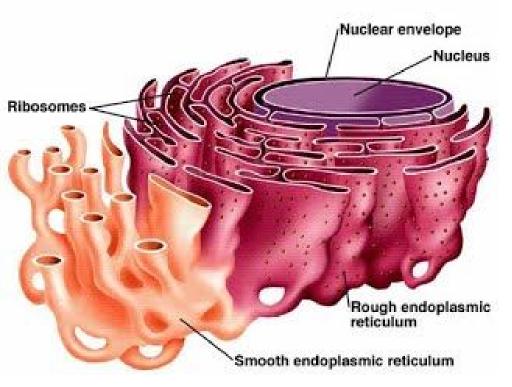
Nucleus = command center



*holds all the Chromosomes (DNA) in Eukaryotic cells

*has a porous double membrane, allowing messages to go in and out

Endoplasmic Reticulum: rough and smooth

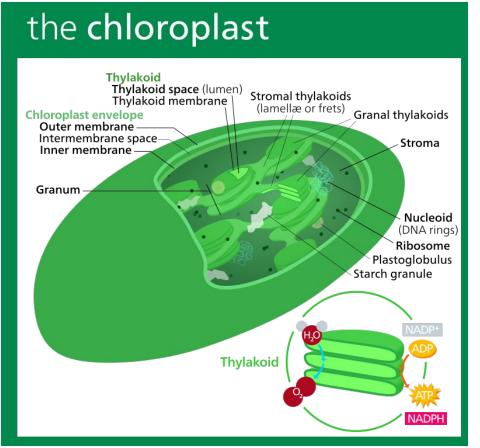


*internal membrane system

*Rough ER is covered with ribosomes and manufactures proteins that will stay in the cell membrane or be released from the cell

*Smooth ER manufactures membrane lipids and hormones

Chloroplasts = solar energy converters

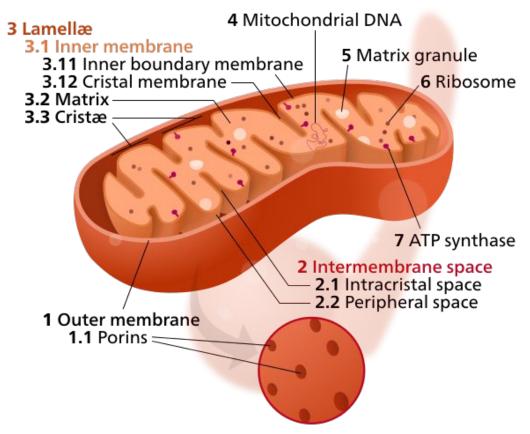


*capture energy from sunlight and convert in into chemical energy in food (photosynthesis!)

*found in plants, algae, and some bacteria

*has a double membrane and has its own DNA!

Mitochondria = power plants



*convert chemical energy from food into compounds the cells can easily use

*found in all Eukaryotes

*has a double membrane and has its own DNA!

Cells-R-Us is hiring!

Are you a cell structure looking for an exciting new career opportunity? Come join us at Cells-R-Us! We are hiring for all positions.

To apply, please complete a job application, and be sure to attach a recent cell-fie (photograph of yourself). Please return completed applications to the collection tray by Tuesday, November 14th to ensure you are considered for the position.

We look forward to hearing from you!